Factors and Multiples

You know that $1 \times 10 = \underline{10}$ and $2 \times 5 = \underline{10}$.

So, 1, 2, 5, and 10 are all **factors** of <u>10</u>.

You can skip count to find multiples of a number:

Count by 1s: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, . . .

Count by 2s: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, . . .

Count by 5s: 5, **10**, 15, 20, 25, . . .

Count by 10s: 10, 20, 30, 40, . . .

Note that **10** is a multiple of 1, 2, 5, and 10. A number is a multiple of all of its factors.

A **common multiple** is a multiple of two or more numbers. So, 10 is a common multiple of 1, 2, 5, and 10.

1 Multiply to list the next five multiples of 3.

3, ___, __, __,

2 Multiply to list the next five multiples of 7.

7,,,

Is the number a factor of 8? Write yes or no.

3 2

4 8

5 15

6 20

Is the number a multiple of 4? Write yes or no.

7 2

8 12

9 16

10 18